Package 'QTLExperiment'

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Title S4 classes for QTL summary statistics and metadata

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BugReports https://github.com/dunstone-a/QTLExperiment/issues

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Depends SummarizedExperiment

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Suggests testthat, BiocStyle, knitr, rmarkdown, covr

Description QLTExperiment defines an S4 class for storing and manipulating summary statistics from QTL mapping experiments in one or more states.
It is based on the 'SummarizedExperiment' class and contains functions for creating, merging, and subsetting objects.
'QTLExperiment' also stores experiment metadata and has checks in place to ensure that transformations apply correctly.

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Contents

`mockQTLE` *Mock data for the QTLExperiment object*

Description

Functions to create fake input data for QTLExperiments. Note that this data is generated simply, and does not have consistency between betas, errors and p-values. It is helpful to populate the slots of a QTLExperiment object and has expected properties of the betas, errors and p-values assays. Namely, betas are symmetric (specifically normally distributed), errors are non-negative, and p-values consist of a null and significant distribution. The significant effects make up 10 across states and tests.

Feature IDs are simulated by randomly selecting a feature from the list c("geneA", "geneB", "geneC") with replacement. Variant IDs are created by concatenating the string "snp" with a random number in the range 1000:100000. Row names combine the feature and variant IDs using a vertical line as the separator.

Usage

```
mockQTLE(nStates = 10, nQTL = 100, names = TRUE)

mockSummaryStats(nStates = 10, nQTL = 100, names = TRUE)

mockMASHR(nStates = 10, nQTL = 100)

mockMASHR_FIT(nStates = 10, nQTL = 100)
```

Arguments

nStates	Number of states
nQTL	Number of QTL associations
names	Logical to include column and row names

Value

an object containing simulated data.

Author(s)

Christina B Azodi, Amelia Dunstone

Examples

```
nStates <- 6
nQTL <- 40

# Mock QTLExperiment data

qtle <- mockQTLE(nStates, nQTL)
dim(qtle)

mock_summary_stats <- mockSummaryStats(nStates=nStates, nQTL=nQTL)
mock_summary_stats$betas
mock_summary_stats$errors
mock_summary_stats$pvalues

# Mock MASHR data

mockr_sim <- mockMASHR(nStates=nStates, nQTL=nQTL)
mockr_sim$B
mockr_sim$Bhat
mockr_sim$Shat
```

qtle-assays *Named assay getters and setters*

Description

These are methods for getting or setting `assay(qtle, i=X, ...)` where `qtle` is a QTLExperiment object and `X` is the name of the method. For example, `betas` will get or set `X="betas"`.

Value

For `assays`, returns the value stored in the requested `assay`.

For `assays<-value`, the relevant slot of the QTLExperiment is updated.

Available methods

Here `x` is a QTLExperiment object, `value` is a matrix-like object with the same dimensions as `x`, and `...` are further arguments passed to `assay` (for the getter) or `assay<-` (for the setter).

`betas(x, ...)`, `betas(x, ...) <- value`: Get or set a matrix of raw betas, i.e., QTL effect sizes.

`errors(x, ...)`, `errors(x, ...) <- value`: Get or set a matrix of raw beta standard errors.

`pvalues(x, ...)`, `pvalues(x, ...) <- value`: Get or set a matrix of raw significance scores (e.g. pvals, qvals)

`lfsrs(x, ...)`, `lfsrs(x, ...) <- value`: Get or set a matrix of local false sign rates.

Author(s)

Christina B Azodi, Amelia Dunstone

See Also

`assay` and `assay<-`, for the wrapped methods.

Examples

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
new_betas <- matrix(rnorm(nrow(qtle)*ncol(qtle)), ncol=ncol(qtle))
row.names(new_betas) <- row.names(qtle)
colnames(new_betas) <- colnames(qtle)
betas(qtle) <- new_betas
dim(betas(qtle))
```

QTLe-coerce *Coercing mash data objects into QTLe objects*

Description

Function to coerce a mashr object (class list or mashr) into a QTLe object.

Usage

```
mash2qtle(data, sep = NULL, rowData = NULL, verbose = FALSE)

.mashData_2_qtle(data)

.mashFit_2_qtle(data)
```

Arguments

data	A mashr object output from mash_set_data() or mash() from mashr.
sep	String separating the feature_id from the variant_id in the row.names of the mashr object
rowData	if feature_id and variant_id are not in the row.names, a rowData matrix can be provided with this information.
verbose	Logical.

Value

A QTLExperiment object.

Author(s)

Christina B Azodi, Amelia Dunstone

Examples

```
nStates <- 6
nQTL <- 40
mashr_sim <- mockMASHR(nStates, nQTL)

qtle2 <- mash2qtle(
    mashr_sim,
    rowData=DataFrame(
        feature_id=row.names(mashr_sim$Bhat),
        variant_id=sample(seq_len(nQTL))))
dim(qtle2)
```

qtle-colData *Modify and view the colData of a QTLExperiment*

Description

Methods for changing the colData of a QTLExperiment.

Usage

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'QTLExperiment,DataFrame'
colData(x) <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'QTLExperiment,NULL'
colData(x) <- value
```

Arguments

x	is a QTLExperiment object
value	is a matrix-like object with number of rows equal to the number of columns in x.

Details

The state_id column in the colData is protected, and operations ensure that this column is not removed from the colData.

Value

For colData, a DFrame is returned. For colData<-, a modified QTLExperiment object is returned with the updated colData.

Author(s)

Christina B Azodi, Amelia Dunstone

Examples

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
colData(qtle)
dim(colData(qtle))

qtle$batch <- "batch1"
colData(qtle)

# The state_id column is protected
colData(qtle) <- NULL
colData(qtle)
```

QTLe-combine *Combining QTLExperiment objects*

Description

An overview of methods to combine multiple QTLExperiment objects by row or column. These methods ensure that all data fields remain synchronized when states or associations are added or removed.

Value

A QTLExperiment object.

Combining

In the following examples, ... contains one or more QTLExperiment object.

`rbind(..., deparse.level=1)`**:** Returns a QTLExperiment object where all objects are combined row-wise. Metadata is combined as in ?"`rbind,SummarizedExperiment-method`". The `deparse.level` specifies how row.names are generated as described in ?`rbind`.

`cbind(..., deparse.level=1)`**:** Returns a QTLExperiment object where all objects are combined column-wise. Metadata is combined as in ?"`cbind,SummarizedExperiment-method`". The `deparse.level` specifies how colnames are generated as described in ?`cbind`.

Author(s)

Christina B Azodi

Examples

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
qtle2 <- qtle
feature_id(qtle2) <- paste0("x", feature_id(qtle2))
rbind(qtle, qtle2)

qtle2 <- qtle
state_id(qtle2) <- paste0("x", state_id(qtle2))
cbind(qtle, qtle2)
```

QTLe-name *Return the name of a QTLExperiment object.*

Description

Returns the name of an object of class QTLExperiment.

Arguments

`object`	A QTLExperiment object.
`value`	Any character-like object or `NULL` to remove existing labels.

Value

For `mainExpName(object)`, returns the name associated to `object`.

For `mainExpName(object) <- value`, the name of the object `object` is updated.

Available methods

In the following code snippets, `object` is a QTLExperiment objects.

`mainExpName(object)`**:** Return the name assigned to `object`.

`mainExpName(object) <- value`: Change the name assigned to `object` to `value`.

`mainExpName(object) <- NULL`: Remove the name associated to `object`.

Author(s)

Christina B. Azodi

See Also

QTLExperiment, for the underlying class definition.

Examples

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
mainExpName(qtle)
mainExpName(qtle) <- "test_name"
mainExpName(qtle)
```

QTLe-recover *Recover QTLExperiment IDs*

Description

Function to recover protected rowData (feature_id, variant_id) and colData (state_id) from internal structure.

Usage

```
.recover_qtle_ids(object)
```

Arguments

object	QTLExperiment object

Value

A QTLExperiment object with recovered rowData or colData.

qtle-rowData *rowData method for QTLExperiment*

Description

Methods for changing the rowData of a QTLExperiment.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'QTLExperiment'
rowData(x, use.names = TRUE)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'QTLExperiment,DataFrame'
rowData(x) <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'QTLExperiment,NULL'
rowData(x) <- value
```

Arguments

x	is a QTLExperiment object
use.names	is a logical specifying whether or not to propogate the rownames of x to the returned DFrame object.
value	is a matrix-like object with number of rows equal to the number of rows in x.

Details

The feature_id and variant_id columns in the rowData are protected, and operations ensure that these columns are preserved in the rowData.

Value

For rowData, a DFrame is returned. For rowData<-, a modified QTLExperiment object is returned with the updated rowData.

Author(s)

Christina B Azodi, Amelia Dunstone

Examples

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
rowData(qtle)
dim(rowData(qtle))

rowData(qtle)$chr <- ifelse(feature_id(qtle) %in% c("geneA", "geneB"), "chr1", "chr2")
rowData(qtle)

# The state_id column is protected
rowData(qtle) <- NULL
rowData(qtle)
```

---

qtle-row_ids *Named rowData getters and setters*

Description

These are methods for getting or setting protected rowData columns (i.e. feature_id and variant_id).

Arguments

object	is a QTLExperiment object.
value	is a vector with length equal to the number of rows of x.

Details

QTL are associations between a genetic variants and a quantitative feature. The feature_id and variant_id methods can be used to get or set feature IDs and variant IDs, respectively, across a QTLExperiment object. The values are stored in the rowData compartments and have additional protections to prevent them being removed or overwritten. The feature_id can store gene or metabolite names, while variant_id could be used to store variant information such as SNP names.

Value

For `feature_id`, a vector is returned containing the name of the feature tested in each association. For `feature_id<-`, a modified `object` is returned with the updated feature_ids in `rowData`, and in the row.names of the QTLExperiment object. For `variant_id`, a vector is returned containing the name of the variant tested in each association. For `variant_id<-`, a modified `object` is returned with the updated variant_ids in `rowData`, and in the row.names of the QTLExperiment object.

Available methods

Here `object` is a QTLExperiment object, `value` is a vector-like object with compatible dimensions to `object`.

`feature_id(object)`: Get the feature names.

`feature_id(object) <- value`: Set the feature names.

`variant_id(object)`: Get the variant names.

`variant_id(object) <- value`: Set the variant names.

Author(s)

Christina B Azodi, Amelia Dunstone

See Also

QTLExperiment, for the underlying class definition.

Examples

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
feature_id(qtle) <- gsub("gene", "Gene", feature_id(qtle))
feature_id(qtle)
variant_id(qtle) <- paste0(variant_id(qtle), "000")
variant_id(qtle)
```

---

qtle-state-id *Modify and view state ID*

Description

These are methods for getting or setting protected colData columns (i.e. state_id).

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'QTLExperiment'
state_id(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'QTLExperiment'
state_id(object) <- value
```

Arguments

`object`	is a QTLExperiment object
`value`	is a character vector with length equal to the number of columns/states in `object`.

Details

QTL are associations between a genetic variant and a quantitative state. The `state_id` methods can be used to get or set state IDs for all tests in a QTLExperiment object. The values are stored in the `colData` as the `state_id` field so it can be easily accessed but not accidentally removed or overwritten.

Value

For `state_id`, a vector is returned containing the name of the state tested in each association. For `state_id<-`, a modified `object` is returned with the updated state_ids in `colData`, and in the row.names of the QTLExperiment object.

Author(s)

Christina B Azodi, Amelia Dunstone

Examples

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
state_id(qtle) <- gsub("state", "State_", state_id(qtle))
state_id(qtle)
```

QTLe-subset *Subsetting and replacing data in QTLExperiment objects*

Description

Includes methods to subset a QTLExperiment object by row and/or column and methods to replace all data for the specified rows and/or columns with another value. These methods ensure that all data fields remain synchronized when states or associations are removed.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'QTLExperiment'
subset(x, subset, ...)
```

Value

A QTLExperiment object.

Subsetting

In the following, x is a QTLExperiment object.

`x[i, j, ..., drop=TRUE]`**:** Returns a QTLExperiment containing the specified rows `i` and columns `j`, where `i` and `j` can be a logical, integer or character vector of subscripts, indicating the rows and columns, respectively, to retain. If either `i` or `j` is missing, than subsetting is only performed in the specified dimension. Arguments in `...` and `drop` are passed to `[,SummarizedExperiment-method`.

Replacing

In the following, x is a QTLExperiment object.

`x[i, j, ...] <- value`**:** Replaces all data for rows `i` and columns `j` with the corresponding fields in a QTLExperiment `value`, where `i` and `j` can be a logical, integer, or character vector of subscripts, indicating the rows and columns, respectively, to retain. If either `i` or `j` is missing, than subsetting is only performed in the specified dimension. If both are missing, `x` is replaced entirely with `value`. Arguments in `...` are passed to the corresponding SummarizedExperiment method.

Author(s)

Christina B Azodi

Examples

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()

# Subsetting:
qtle[1:10,]
qtle[,1:5]

# Can also use subset()
qtle$WHEE <- sample(c("A", "B", "C"), ncol(qtle), replace=TRUE)
subset(qtle, , WHEE=="A")

# Can also use split()
split(qtle, sample(c("A", "B", "C"), nrow(qtle), replace=TRUE))
```

QTLe-version *Return the version of a QTLExperiment object*

Description

Specifies the version of the QTLExperiment package that an object of class QTLExperiment was created with.

Arguments

object	A QTLExperiment object.

Value

A package version, of class package_version.

Available methods

In the following code snippets, object is a QTLExperiment objects.

objectVersion(object): Return the version of the package with which object was constructed.

Author(s)

Christina B. Azodi, Amelia Dunstone

See Also

QTLExperiment, for the underlying class definition and updateObject to update the object to the latest version.

Examples

```
qtle <- mockQTLE()
objectVersion(qtle)
```

QTLExperiment-class *An S4 class to represent QTL summary statistics.*

Description

The QTLExperiment class is designed to represent multi-state QTL data. It inherits from the RangedSummarizedExperiment class. In addition, the class supports storage of multi-state adjusted beta and betaSE results (e.g., mash) and storage of summary results (e.g., pairwise sharing).

Arguments

...	Arguments passed to the SummarizedExperiment constructor to fill the slots of the base class.
state_id	An array of state IDs the length of ncol(qtle).
feature_id	An array of feature IDs the length of nrow(qtle).
variant_id	An array of variant IDs the length of nrow(qtle).

Details

In this class, rows should represent associations (feature_id:variant_id pairs) while columns represent states (e.g. tissues). Assays include betas and error associated with the betas (e.g. standard errors). As with any SummarizedExperiment derivative, different information (e.g., test-statistics, significance calls) can be stored in user defined `assay` slots, and additional row and column metadata can be attached using `rowData` and `colData`, respectively.

The extra arguments in the constructor (`feature_id`, `variant_id`, and `state_id`) represent the main extensions implemented in the QTLExperiment class. This enables a consistent, formalized representation of key aspects of multi-state QTL data that are universal to the data structure. Readers are referred to the specific documentation pages for more details.

A QTLe can also be coerced from a SummarizedExperiment or RangedSummarizedExperiment instance.

Value

A QTLExperiment object.

Slots

`elementMetadata` A DataFrame containing at minimum feature_id and variant_id information. This is accessed using rowData.

`colData` A DataFrame containing at minimum state_id information.

`int_metadata` A list of additional metadata items to store.

Author(s)

Christina B Azodi

Examples

```
nStates <- 10
nQTL <- 100
betas <- matrix(rnorm(nStates * nQTL), ncol=nStates)
error <- matrix(abs(rnorm(nStates * nQTL)), ncol=nStates)

qtle <- QTLExperiment(
    assays=list(betas=betas, errors=error),
    feature_id=sample(1:10, nQTL, replace=TRUE),
    variant_id=sample(seq(1e3,1e5), nQTL),
    state_id=LETTERS[1:nStates])
qtle

## coercion from SummarizedExperiment
mock_sumstats <- mockSummaryStats(nStates=10, nQTL=100)
se <- SummarizedExperiment(
    assays=list(
        betas=mock_sumstats$betas,
        errors=mock_sumstats$errors))
as(se, "QTLExperiment")
```

`sumstats2qtle` *Coerce QTL summary statistics into a QTLExperiment object*

Description

A suite of methods to extract QTL mapping summary statistics from common QTL workflow output files.

Usage

```
sumstats2qtle(
  input,
  feature_id = "gene_id",
  variant_id = "variant_pos",
  betas = "slope",
  errors = "slope_se",
  pvalues = NULL,
  n_max = Inf,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

`input`	Named array or data.frame with state name and the file to the QTL summary statistics for that state. If data.frame is provided, it must include columns 'state' and 'path'. Additional columns will be stored in the colData annotation.
`feature_id`	The name/index of the column with the feature_id info.
`variant_id`	The name/index of the column with the variant_id info.
`betas`	The name/index of the column with the effect size/beta value.
`errors`	The name/index of the column with the effect size/beta standard error value.
`pvalues`	The name/index of the column with the significance score.
`n_max`	Max number of rows to read per file. This is primarily used for testing purposes.
`verbose`	logical. Whether to print progress messages.

Value

A QTLExperiment object.

Author(s)

Christina B Azodi, Amelia Dunstone

Examples

```
input_path <- system.file("extdata", package =  "QTLExperiment")
state <- c("lung", "thyroid", "spleen", "blood")

# Input as a named array
input_list <- list(lung = paste0(input_path, "/GTEx_tx_lung.tsv"),
                   spleen = paste0(input_path, "/GTEx_tx_spleen.tsv"))

# Input as a data.frame.
# Must include columns 'state' and 'path'.
input_df <- data.frame(state = c("lung", "spleen"),
                       path = c(paste0(input_path, "/GTEx_tx_lung.tsv"),
                                paste0(input_path, "/GTEx_tx_spleen.tsv")))

# List version
qtle1 <- sumstats2qtle(input_list,
                       feature_id="molecular_trait_id",
                       variant_id="rsid",
                       betas="beta",
                       errors="se",
                       pvalues="pvalue",
                       verbose=TRUE)
qtle1
head(betas(qtle1))

# data.frame version
qtle2 <- sumstats2qtle(input_df,
                       feature_id="molecular_trait_id",
                       variant_id="rsid",
                       betas="beta",
                       errors="se",
                       pvalues="pvalue",
                       verbose=TRUE)
qtle2
head(betas(qtle2))
```

`updateObject` *Update a QTLExperiment object*

Description

Update QTLExperiment objects to the latest version of the class structure. This is usually called by internal methods rather than by users or downstream packages.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'QTLExperiment'
updateObject(object, ..., verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`object`	An old QTLExperiment object.
`...`	Additional arguments that are ignored.
`verbose`	Logical scalar indicating whether a message should be emitted as the object is updated.

Details

This function updates the QTLExperiment to match changes in the internal class representation. Changes are as follows:

- No updates yet.

Value

An updated version of `object`.

Author(s)

Christina B Azodi

See Also

`objectVersion`, which is used to determine if the object is up-to-date.

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