

# Package ‘RiboProfiling’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Ribosome Profiling Data Analysis: from BAM to Data  
Representation and Interpretation

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**Description** Starting with a BAM file, this package provides the necessary functions for quality assessment, read start position recalibration, the counting of reads on CDS, 3'UTR, and 5'UTR, plotting of count data: pairs, log fold-change, codon frequency and coverage assessment, principal component analysis on codon coverage.

**biocViews** RiboSeq, Sequencing, Coverage, Alignment, QualityControl, Software, PrincipalComponent

**Depends** R (>= 3.2.2), Biostrings

**Imports** BiocGenerics, GenomeInfoDb, GenomicRanges, IRanges, reshape2, GenomicFeatures, grid, plyr, S4Vectors, GenomicAlignments, ggplot2, ggbio, Rsamtools, rtracklayer, data.table, sqldf

**Suggests** knitr, BiocStyle, TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene, BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19, testthat, SummarizedExperiment

**LazyLoad** yes

**License** GPL-3

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** no

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---

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| aroundPromoter | <i>Returns the flank size around the TSS for the x % CDSs</i> |
|----------------|---|

---

### Description

Returns the flank size around the TSS for the x % CDSs

### Usage

```
aroundPromoter(txdb,alnGRanges,percBestExpressed,flankSize)
```

### Arguments

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| txdb       | a TxDb object containing the annotations info to intersect with the alignment files.  |
| alnGRanges | A GRanges object containing the alignment information. In order to improve the performance of this function the GAlignments BAM object should be transformed into a GRanges object containing the cigar match size information as metadata. |

percBestExpressed a numeric [between 0 and 1]. The percentage of the best expressed CDSs on which to plot the coverage around the TSS. Necessary if the shiftValue parameter must be estimated. Default value 0.03 (3%).

flankSize a numeric positive integer. How many bp left and right of the TSS should the coverage be performed? Ex. flankSize <- 20

**Value**

A GRanges object containing the 1 bp ranges for the selected CDSs in the TSS defined flanking region.

**Examples**

```
#read the BAM into a GAlignments object using
#GenomicAlignments::readGAlignments
#the GAlignments object should be similar to ctrlGAlignments
data(ctrlGAlignments)
aln <- ctrlGAlignments
#transform the GAlignments object into a GRanges object (faster processing)
alnGRanges <- readsToStartOrEnd(aln, what="start")
#make a txdb object containing the annotations for the specified species.
#In this case hg19.
txdb <- TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene::TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene
#Please make sure that seqnames of txdb correspond to
#the seqnames of the alignment files ("chr" particle)
#if not rename the txdb seqlevels
#renameSeqlevels(txdb, sub("chr", "", seqlevels(txdb)))
#get the flanking region around the promoter of the best expressed CDSs
oneBinRanges <- aroundPromoter(txdb, alnGRanges)
```

---

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| cdsPosTransc | <i>Per transcript relative position of start and end codons for dataset ctrlGAlignments</i> |
|--------------|---|

---

**Description**

A list of start and end codons relative to transcript

**Usage**

```
data(cdsPosTransc)
```

**Format**

A list

**Value**

A list

---

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| codonDataCtrl | <i>Codon frequency and coverage in ORFs on chromosome 1, for dataset ctrlGAlignments</i> |
|---------------|--|

---

**Description**

A list of 2 data.frame objects: one with the number of times each codon type is found in each ORF and one with the number of reads for each codon type in each ORF.

**Usage**

```
data(codonDataCtrl)
```

**Format**

A list of 2 lists.

**Value**

A list of 2 lists.

---

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| codonIndexCovCtrl | <i>The read coverage for each codon in ORFs on chromosome 1, for dataset ctrlGAlignments</i> |
|-------------------|--|

---

**Description**

A list containing the number of reads for each codon in each ORF. Codons are reported on their index in the ORF and no information is available about their type/sequence.

**Usage**

```
data(codonIndexCovCtrl)
```

**Format**

A list of 2 columns dataframes.

**Value**

A list of 2 columns dataframes.

---

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| codonInfo | <i>Associates the read counts on codons with the codon type for each ORF.</i> |
|-----------|---|

---

### Description

Associates the read counts on codons with the codon type for each ORF.

### Usage

```
codonInfo(listReadsCodon, genomeSeq, orfCoord, motifSize)
```

### Arguments

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| listReadsCodon | a list of data.frame objects. It contains the number of reads per codon in a CDS.  |
| genomeSeq      | a BSgenome object. It contains the full genome sequences for the organism.   |
| orfCoord       | a GRangesList. The coordinates of the ORFs on the genome.  |
| motifSize      | an integer. The number of nucleotides in each motif on which to compute coverage and usage. Either 3, 6, or 9. Default 3 nucleotides (codon). Attention! For long motifs, the function can be quite slow!! |

### Value

a list of 2 data.frame objects: one with the number of times each codon type is found in each ORF and one with the number of reads for each codon type in each ORF.

### Examples

```
#for each codon in each ORF get the read coverage
#parameter listReadsCodon can be returned by the riboSeqFromBam function
#it corresponds to the 2nd element in the list returned by riboSeqFromBam
data(codonIndexCovCtrl)
listReadsCodon <- codonIndexCovCtrl

txdb <- TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene::TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene

#get the names of the ORFs
#grouped by transcript
cds <- GenomicFeatures::cdsBy(txdb, use.names=TRUE)
orfCoord <- cds[names(cds) %in% names(listReadsCodon)]

#get the genome, please check that the genome has the same seqlevels
genomeSeq <- BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19::BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19
#if not rename it
#gSeq <- GenomeInfoDb::renameSeqlevels(genomeSeq,
#sub("chr", "", GenomeInfoDb::seqlevels(genomeSeq)))

#codon frequency, coverage, and annotation
codonData <- codonInfo(listReadsCodon, genomeSeq, orfCoord)
```

---

`codonPCA`*PCA graphs on codon coverage*

---

**Description**

PCA graphs on codon coverage

**Usage**

```
codonPCA(data, typeData)
```

**Arguments**

`data` a list of 2 data.frames: one with the number of times each codon type is found in each ORF and one with the number of reads for each codon in each ORF.

`typeData` a character string. It is used as title for the PCA. Ex. `typeData="codonCoverage"`

**Value**

a list of length 2: `PCA_scores` - matrix of the scores on the first 4 principal components. `PCA_plots` - a list of 5 PCA scatterplots.

**Examples**

```
#How to perform a PCA analysis based on codon coverage
#adapted from
#http://stackoverflow.com/questions/20260434/test-significance-of-clusters-on-a-pca-plot
#either get the codon frequency, coverage, and annotation using a function
#such as codonInfo in this package
#or create a list of matrices with the above information
data(codonDataCtrl)
codonData <- codonDataCtrl
codonUsage <- codonData[[1]]
codonCovMatrix <- codonData[[2]]

#keep only genes with a minimum number of reads
nbrReadsGene <- apply(codonCovMatrix, 1, sum)
ixExpGenes <- which(nbrReadsGene >= 50)
codonCovMatrix <- codonCovMatrix[ixExpGenes, ]

#get the PCA on the codon coverage
codonCovMatrixTransp <- t(codonCovMatrix)
rownames(codonCovMatrixTransp) <- colnames(codonCovMatrix)
colnames(codonCovMatrixTransp) <- rownames(codonCovMatrix)

listPCACodonCoverage <- codonPCA(codonCovMatrixTransp,"codonCoverage")
print(listPCACodonCoverage[[2]])
#See additional examples in the pdf manual
```

---

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| countShiftReads | <i>Apply an offset on the read start along the transcript and returns the coverage on the 5pUTR, CDS, 3pUTR, as well as a matrix of codon coverage per ORF.</i> |
|-----------------|---|

---

### Description

Apply an offset on the read start along the transcript and returns the coverage on the 5pUTR, CDS, 3pUTR, as well as a matrix of codon coverage per ORF.

### Usage

```
countShiftReads(exonGRanges, cdsPosTransc, alnGRanges, shiftValue, motifSize)
```

### Arguments

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| exonGRanges  | a GRangesList. It contains the exon coordinates grouped by transcript.  |
| cdsPosTransc | a list. It contains the relative positions of the start and end of the ORFs. The transcript names in exonGRanges and cdsPosTransc should be the same.   |
| alnGRanges   | A GRanges object containing the alignment information. In order to improve the performance the GAlignments BAM object should be transformed into a GRanges object with cigar match size metadata. |
| shiftValue   | integer. The offset for recalibrating reads on transcripts when computing coverage. The default value for this parameter is 0, no offset should be performed.                                     |
| motifSize    | an integer. The number of nucleotides in each motif on which to compute coverage and usage. Either 3, 6, or 9. Default 3 nucleotides (codon).   |

### Value

a list with 2 objects. The first object in the list is a data.frame containing: information on ORFs (names, chromosomal position, length) as well as the counts on the 5pUTR, CDS and 3pUTR once the offset is applied. The second object in the list is a list in itself. It contains: for each ORF in the cdsPosTransc, for each codon the sum of read starts covering the 3 codon nucleotides. For motifs of size 6 nucleotides, the motif coverage is computed only for the first codon in the motif, considered as the codon in the P-site. For motifs of size 9 nucleotides, the motif coverage is computed only for the second codon in the motif, considered as the codon in the P-site. This per codon coverage does not contain information on the codon type, just its position in the ORF and its coverage.

### Examples

```
#read the BAM file into a GAlignments object using
#GenomicAlignments::readGAlignments
#the GAlignments object should be similar to ctrlGAlignments
data(ctrlGAlignments)
aln <- ctrlGAlignments

#transform the GAlignments object into a GRanges object (faster processing)
```

```

alnGRanges <- readsToStartOrEnd(aln, what="start")

#make a txdb object containing the annotations for the specified species.
#In this case hg19.
txdb <- TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene::TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene
#Please make sure that seqnames of txdb correspond to
#the seqnames of the alignment files ("chr" particle)
#if not rename the txdb seqlevels
#renameSeqlevels(txdb, sub("chr", "", seqlevels(txdb)))

#get all CDSs by transcript
cds <- GenomicFeatures::cdsBy(txdb, by="tx", use.names=TRUE)

#get all exons by transcript
exonGRanges <- GenomicFeatures::exonsBy(txdb, by="tx", use.names=TRUE)
#get the per transcript relative position of start and end codons
#cdsPosTransc <- orfRelativePos(cds, exonGRanges)
data(cdsPosTransc)

#compute the counts on the different features after applying
#the specified shift value on the read start along the transcript
countsData <- countShiftReads(exonGRanges[names(cdsPosTransc)], cdsPosTransc,
                              alnGRanges, -14)

```

---

countsPlot

*Graphs of sample read counts (quality assesment)*


---

## Description

Graphs of sample read counts (quality assesment)

## Usage

```
countsPlot(listCounts, ixCounts, log2Bool)
```

## Arguments

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| listCounts | a list of data.frame objects. It contains the counts on the genomic features. Each data.frame in the list should have the same number of columns. |
| ixCounts   | a numeric (a vector of integers). It contains the index of the columns containing counts in the dataFrame.  |
| log2Bool   | a numeric, either 0 or 1. 0 (default) for no log2 transformation and 1 for log2 transformation.   |

## Value

A list of pairs and boxplots between the counts data in each data.frame.

**Examples**

```

#read the BAM file into a GAlignments object using
#GenomicAlignments::readGAlignments
#the GAlignments object should be similar to ctrlGAlignments
data(ctrlGAlignments)
aln <- ctrlGAlignments

#transform the GAlignments object into a GRanges object (faster processing)
alnGRanges <- readsToStartOrEnd(aln, what="start")

#make a txdb object containing the annotations for the specified species.
#In this case hg19.
txdb <- TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene::TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene
#Please make sure that seqnames of txdb correspond to
#the seqnames of the alignment files ("chr" particle)
#if not rename the txdb seqlevels
#renameSeqlevels(txdb, sub("chr", "", seqlevels(txdb)))
#get the flanking region around the promoter of the best expressed CDSs

#get all CDSs by transcript
cds <- GenomicFeatures::cdsBy(txdb, by="tx", use.names=TRUE)

#get all exons by transcript
exonGRanges <- GenomicFeatures::exonsBy(txdb, by="tx", use.names=TRUE)

#get the per transcript relative position of start and end codons
cdsPosTransc <- orfRelativePos(cds, exonGRanges)

#compute the counts on the different features after applying
#the specified shift value on the read start along the transcript
countsData <-
  countShiftReads(
    exonGRanges[names(cdsPosTransc)],
    cdsPosTransc,
    alnGRanges,
    -14
  )

#now make the plots
listCountsPlots <- countsPlot(
  list(countsData[[1]]),
  grep("_counts$", colnames(countsData[[1]])),
  1
)
listCountsPlots

```

**Description**

A dataset containing the alignment information on chromosome 1 from the control BAM. The data object is a GAlignments object containing 3,504,859 hg19 mapped reads.

**Usage**

```
data(ctrlGAlignments)
```

**Format**

A GAlignments object with 3,504,859 reads.

**Value**

the GAlignments object of reads on chr 1

---

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| histMatchLength | <i>Histogram of match length distribution of reads.</i> |
|-----------------|---|

---

**Description**

Histogram of match length distribution of reads.

**Usage**

```
histMatchLength(aln, log10Transf = 0, titleHist)
```

**Arguments**

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| aln         | A GAlignments object of the BAM mapping file.                  |
| log10Transf | A boolean. Either 0 (default) or 1 (log10).                    |
| titleHist   | a character. The main title for the histogram. Default - none. |

**Value**

A list with 2 elements. The first element: a data.frame of the number of counts per match length distribution. The second element in the list: a ggplot2 histogram of the match length distribution.

**Examples**

```
#starting from a GAlignment object
data(ctrlGAlignments)
aln <- ctrlGAlignments
#no log10 scaling
matchLenDistr <- histMatchLength(aln, 0)
#to plot the histogram
matchLenDistr[[2]]
```

---

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| orfRelativePos | <i>Relative position of the start and stop codon along the transcript</i> |
|----------------|---|

---

**Description**

Relative position of the start and stop codon along the transcript

**Usage**

```
orfRelativePos(cdsTransc, exonGRanges)
```

**Arguments**

cdsTransc      a GRangesList. It contains the CDS coordinates grouped by transcript.  
 exonGRanges    a GRangesList. It contains the exon coordinates grouped by transcript.

**Value**

a list. A list of relative positions of the start and end of ORFs.

**Examples**

```
#make a txdb object containing the annotations for the specified species.
#In this case hg19.
txdb <- TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene::TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene

#get all CDSs by transcript
cds <- GenomicFeatures::cdsBy(txdb, by="tx", use.names=TRUE)

#get all exons by transcript
exonGRanges <- GenomicFeatures::exonsBy(txdb, by="tx", use.names=TRUE)

#retrieve the positions of start and end codons relative to the transcript
cdsPosTransc <- orfRelativePos(cds, exonGRanges)
```

---

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| plotSummarizedCov | <i>Plots the summarized coverage in a specified range (e.g. around TSS) for the specified match sizes</i> |
|-------------------|---|

---

**Description**

Plots the summarized coverage in a specified range (e.g. around TSS) for the specified match sizes

**Usage**

```
plotSummarizedCov(covSummarized)
```

**Arguments**

`covSummarized` a list of GRanges objects. For each matchSize a GRanges object of the summarized coverage.

**Value**

a ggplot2 plot of read coverage in interval

**Examples**

```
#read the BAM file into a GAlignments object using
#GenomicAlignments::readGAlignments
#the GAlignments object should be similar to ctrlGAlignments
data(ctrlGAlignments)
aln <- ctrlGAlignments
#transform the GAlignments object into a GRanges object (faster processing)
alnGRanges <- readsToStartOrEnd(aln, what="start")
#make a txdb object containing the annotations for the specified species.
#In this case hg19.
txdb <- TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene::TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene
#Please make sure that seqnames of txdb correspond to
#the seqnames of the alignment files ("chr" particle)
#if not rename the txdb seqlevels
#renameSeqlevels(txdb, sub("chr", "", seqlevels(txdb)))
#get the flanking region around the promoter of the best expressed CDSs
oneBinRanges <- aroundPromoter(txdb, alnGRanges)
#the read start coverage around the TSS as a percentage for all match sizes.
covSummarized <- readStartCov(alnGRanges, oneBinRanges, matchSize="all",
c(-20,20), "aroundTSS", charPerc="perc")
trackPlotTSS <- plotSummarizedCov(covSummarized)
print(trackPlotTSS)
```

---

printPCA

*Plots the PCA scatterplots produced by codonPCA function.*

---

**Description**

Plots the PCA scatterplots produced by codonPCA function.

**Usage**

```
printPCA(listPCAGraphs)
```

**Arguments**

`listPCAGraphs` a list of 5 PCA ggplot scatterplots.

**Value**

a unique plot with the 5 PCA scatterplots.

**Examples**

```
#How to perform a PCA analysis based on codon coverage
data(codonDataCtrl)
codonData <- codonDataCtrl
codonUsage <- codonData[[1]]
codonCovMatrix <- codonData[[2]]

#keep only genes with a minimum number of reads
nbrReadsGene <- apply(codonCovMatrix, 1, sum)
ixExpGenes <- which(nbrReadsGene >= 50)
codonCovMatrix <- codonCovMatrix[ixExpGenes, ]

#get the PCA on the codon coverage
codonCovMatrixTransp <- t(codonCovMatrix)
rownames(codonCovMatrixTransp) <- colnames(codonCovMatrix)
colnames(codonCovMatrixTransp) <- rownames(codonCovMatrix)

listPCACodonCoverage <- codonPCA(codonCovMatrixTransp,"codonCoverage")
printPCA(listPCACodonCoverage[[2]])
```

---

readStartCov

*Read start coverage around the TSS on the predefined CDSs*


---

**Description**

Read start coverage around the TSS on the predefined CDSs

**Usage**

```
readStartCov(alnGRanges, oneBinRanges, matchSize = "all", fixedInterval,
  renameChr, charPerc = "perc")
```

**Arguments**

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| alnGRanges    | A GRanges object containing the alignment information. In order to improve the performance transform the GAlignments BAM object into a GRanges object containing cigar match size as metadata.   |
| oneBinRanges  | A GRanges object. Transform the gene GRangesList into one big GRanges object. Add the info on the cds_id.  |
| matchSize     | either "all" or a vector of read match sizes. If matchSize <- "all", then all the reads are used to compute the coverage. If the matchSize is a vector of read match sizes, the summarized coverage is reported per match size and for the sum up. |
| fixedInterval | a numeric vector with the extremities of the interval. Ex. fixedInterval <- c(-20,20) or fixedInterval <- c(0,40) ...  |
| renameChr     | a character object. It contains the name to be given to the new summarized coverage interval. Ex. renameChr <- "aroundTSS" the summarized region around the TSS.   |

charPerc            a character object. Either "perc" (the default) or "sum" for percentage of counts per position or the sum of counts per position.

### Value

a list of GRanges objects (for each matchSize chosen). It contains the summarized coverage for the specified read match sizes.

### Examples

```
#read the BAM into a GAlignments object using
#GenomicAlignments::readGAlignments
#the GAlignments object should be similar to ctrlGAlignments
data(ctrlGAlignments)
aln <- ctrlGAlignments

#transform the GAlignments object into a GRanges object (faster processing)
alnGRanges <- readsToStartOrEnd(aln, what="start")

#make a txdb object containing the annotations for the specified species.
#In this case hg19.
txdb <- TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene::TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene
#Please make sure that seqnames of txdb correspond to
#the seqnames of the alignment files ("chr" particle)
#if not rename the txdb seqlevels
#renameSeqlevels(txdb, sub("chr", "", seqlevels(txdb)))

#get the flanking region around the promoter of the best expressed CDSs
oneBinRanges <- aroundPromoter(txdb, alnGRanges, percBestExpressed=0.01)

#the coverage in the TSS flanking region for the summarized read match sizes
listPromoterCov <- readStartCov(
  alnGRanges,
  oneBinRanges,
  matchSize="all",
  fixedInterval=c(-20, 20),
  renameChr="aroundTSS",
  charPerc="perc"
)
```

---

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| readsToStartOrEnd | <i>Reads in GAlignments converted to either Read Start (5') or End (3') Positions</i> |
|-------------------|---|

---

### Description

Reads in GAlignments converted to either Read Start (5') or End (3') Positions

### Usage

```
readsToStartOrEnd(aln, what)
```

**Arguments**

`aln`            A GAlignments object of the BAM mapping file.  
`what`            A character object. Either "start" (the default) or "end" for read start or read end.

**Value**

A GRanges object containing either the read start or end genomic positions.

**Examples**

```
#read the BAM file into a GAlignments object using
#GenomicAlignments::readGAlignments
#the GAlignments object should be similar to ctrlGAlignments object
data(ctrlGAlignments)
aln <- ctrlGAlignments
#transform the GAlignments object into a GRanges object (faster processing)
alnGRanges <- readsToStartOrEnd(aln, what = "end")
```

---

|               |                       |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| RiboProfiling | <i>RiboProfiling.</i> |
|---------------|-----------------------|

---

**Description**

RiboProfiling.

---

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <code>riboSeqFromBAM</code> | <i>Starting from a BAM file path: quality plots, shift ribosome position, coverage on multiple transcript features and on codons.</i> |
|-----------------------------|---|

---

**Description**

Starting from a BAM file path: quality plots, shift ribosome position, coverage on multiple transcript features and on codons.

**Usage**

```
riboSeqFromBAM(listeInputBamFile, paramScanBAM, genomeName, txdb,
  percBestExpressed, flankSize, offsetStartEnd, listShiftValue)
```

**Arguments**

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <code>listeInputBamFile</code> | A character path or a vector of paths to the ribo-seq BAM file(s). If multiple BAM files are provided, they should come from the same genome alignment.  |
| <code>paramScanBAM</code>      | NULL or <code>ScanBamParam</code> object specifying what fields and which records are imported. Default value is NULL.   |
| <code>genomeName</code>        | a character object containing the name of the genome used for the alignment BAM file. The name should be one of the UCSC <code>ensGene</code> list: <code>ucscGenomes()</code> [, "db"]. Ex. "hg19" or "mm10". This parameter is used to build the <code>TxDb</code> object.   |
| <code>txdb</code>              | a <code>TxDb</code> object containing the annotations info to confront with the alignment files. Either <code>genomeName</code> or <code>txdb</code> parameters should be provided.  |
| <code>percBestExpressed</code> | numeric [between 0 and 1]. The percentage of best expressed CDSs on which to plot the coverage around the TSS. Necessary if the <code>shiftValue</code> parameter must be estimated. Default value 0.03 (3%).  |
| <code>flankSize</code>         | an integer. How many bp left and right of the TSS should the coverage be performed?  |
| <code>offsetStartEnd</code>    | a character object. Either "start" (the default) or "end" for read start or read end to define the offset.   |
| <code>listShiftValue</code>    | a vector of integer. It should have the same length as the <code>inputBamFile</code> vector. The numeric value for shifting ranges of reads on genomic features when computing coverage. Set this parameter to 0 if no shift should be performed. If this parameter is missing, the <code>shiftValue</code> is computed based on the maximum peak of read start coverage around the TSS. A plot is produced to illustrate this estimation. |

**Value**

A list of list for each BAM file in the `inputBamFile` list. For each BAM file 2 objects are returned: one `data.frame` with info on the genomic features and the corresponding coverage column, and one list of per ORF codon coverage.

**Examples**

```
#the txdb object can be given as parameter or not.
#If it is not specified, a txdb object is build from UCSC.
txdb <- TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene::TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene

#in this example only one BAM file is treated.
#However, multiple BAM files can be analyzed together.
myFile <- system.file("extdata", "ctrl_sample.bam", package="RiboProfiling")
listeInputBam <- c(myFile)

#when running this function it is important that chromosome names
#in UCSC and your BAM correspond: the "chr" particle
covData <- riboSeqFromBAM(listeInputBam, txdb=txdb, listShiftValue=c(-14))
```

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